India, Contemporary Textiles

Recognizing the contribution art has had in the Mayo Clinic environment since the original Mayo Clinic Building was finished in 1914, Mayo Clinic Proceedings features some of the numerous works of art displayed throughout the buildings and grounds on Mayo Clinic campuses as interpreted by the author.

Silk is a material woven from natural animal fibers obtained from the cocoons of moth larvae. It is used in textiles and clothing in many cultures and found in time-periods as early as the Neolithic age. The cocoons are placed in boiling water to extract the fibers, which are then twisted together to produce the thread for weaving into cloth.

India, Contemporary Textiles are 24x24-inch silk and embroidery creations boasting a marvel of texture, pattern, and color, with invisible needlework to maintain the shapes and designs.

Mimicry of yellow roses or blue spirochetes, along with red-orange origami-like folds, and green tatting appear in the selections (see close-ups).

India, Contemporary Textiles are located in the hallway access to the Generose Building of Mayo Clinic Hospital, Saint Marys Campus, Rochester, Minnesota.

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